

International Hydrological Programme

Forest Hydrology –Conservation of Forest, Soil, and Water Resources

The Twenty-fourth IHP Training Course

23 November - 7 December, 2014

Nagoya, Japan

Hydrospheric Atmospheric Research Center, Nagoya University

Supported by Water Resources Research Center, Disaster Prevention Research Institute, Kyoto University Ecohydrology Research Institute, The University of Tokyo Forests

Graduate School of Agricultural and Life Sciences, The University of Tokyo



Outline

A short training course "Forest Hydrology –Conservation of Forest, Soil, and Water Resources" will be programmed for participants from Asia-Pacific regions as a part of the Japanese contribution to the International Hydrological Program (IHP). The course is composed of a series of lectures and practice sessions.

Objectives

Incident rainwater is firstly intercepted by foliage and branches and evaporates from their surface to the atmosphere. Following interceptions by plant surfaces, the water is channeled along the plant body. Some of incident rainwater directly reaches the soils without touching foliage and branches. This rainwater infiltrates into the soils and is influenced by the soil pore structure, as it percolates to the groundwater table. Since soil water movement is slow, some of the soil water is absorbed by plant roots, where it is conducted through stem conduits, reaches leaves, and evaporates to the atmosphere through stomata. The groundwater flows to a river. This is an outline of water cycling in the forest ecosystems, and science on this water cycling is "Forest Hydrology".

As one can see above, Forest Hydrology has two major scientific aspects: (1) discharge from forested watersheds; and (2) water use by trees (evaporation from the forest canopy). Soils in the forested watershed have a high hydraulic conductivity at the ground surface, which prevents soil erosion, and functions to make soil water flow slowly, resulting in a behavior like a dam. Rainfall subtracted by the forest water use denotes the upper limit of available water for the ecosystem including human use. This means that forest management, such as thinning and conversion of forest, can be expected to alter and enhance the forest's abilities to prevent disasters and preserve water resources. These are the main practical applications of Forest Hydrology.

In this training course, the basics of forest hydrology and its application for conservation of forests, soil and water resources will be introduced. Its global scale implications will also be included. Practices are for understanding hydrological significance of forests and learning skills to manage forests so that managers may optimize their hydrological functions. As an important aspect, this training course will deal with the specific hydrological issues of East Asian countries. For example, many of the forest water use theories assume larger evaporative demand than annual precipitation and an evenly distributed precipitation throughout the year or large precipitation in winter. Scientists from the US and UK devised these theories for application to their familiar hydrologic environment. As such, there is a need for more detailed information of forest water use when precipitation is larger than evaporative demand and when there is greater precipitation in summer conditions, as in most East Asian countries, which would advance knowledge of forest hydrology both locally and globally.

Conveners

Convener	: Assoc. Prof. KUMAGAI, Tomo'omi	
Chief Assistant	: Prof. HIYAMA, Tetsuya	
	Assist. Prof. FUJINAMI, Hatsuki	
Assistant	: Dr. TOMITA, Hiroyuki	
Secretary	: Ms. HAGA, Saori	
	Ms. TAKAHASHI, Kayoko	
Hydrospheric Atmospheric Research Center, Nagoya University		

Lecturers

KUMAGAI, Tomo'omi HIYAMA, Tetsuya FUJINAMI, Hatsuki KANAMORI, Hironari Hydrospheric Atmospheric Research Center, Nagoya University SATO, Hisashi Japan Agency for Marine-Earth Science and Technology GOMI, Takashi Tokyo University of Agriculture and Technology TANI, Makoto KOSUGI, Ken'ichiro KOSUGI, Yoshiko KOMATSU, Hikaru Kyoto University HAGA, Hirokazu Tottori University KURAJI, Koichiro TANAKA, Nobuaki The University of Tokyo

Keynoters

CHAPPELL, Nick A. Lancaster University GIAMBELLUCA, Thomas W. University of Hawai`i at Manoa

Lectures' contents at Nagoya University

L1 : Basics of forest hydrology	T. Kumagai
L2 : Discharge from forested watershed (1)	M. Tani
L3 : Discharge from forested watershed (2)	K. Kosugi
L4 : Effect of vegetation cover on sediment transportation and erosion	T. Gomi

L5 : Nutrient and organic matter export from forested watershed	H. Haga
L6 : Evapotranspiration from forest	Y. Kosugi
L7 : Water resources in forested watershed	H. Komatsu
L8 : Basics of forest dynamics	H. Sato
L9 : Global/local hydrometeorology and forest (1)	T. Hiyama
L10: Global/local hydrometeorology and forest (2)	H. Fujinami
Exercise	
E1: Forest dynamics modelling	H. Sato

Field Workshop

E2: Global/local hydrometeorology map

W1: Hydrologic regime change accompanied by forest recoveryK. Kuraji, N. TanakaW2: Hydrologic observations at Kiryu Experimental Watershed (Kyoto University) in Shiga Prefecture

H. Fujinami, H. Kanamori

23 (Sunday) Arrival at Central Japan International Airport and movement to Nagoya University 24 (Monday) 09:30-09:40 **Registration & Guidance** Lecture 1 09:40-12:10 T. Kumagai 14:00-16:00 Keynote 1 T. W. Giambelluca 17:00-19:00 Welcome party Keynote 2 25 (Tuesday) 09:30-11:30 N. A. Chappell 14 : 00-16 : 30 Lecture 2 M. Tani 26 (Wednesday) 09 : 30-12 : 00 Lecture 8 H. Sato 14 : 00-16 : 30 Exercise 1 H. Sato 27 (Thursday) 09 : 30-12 : 00 Lecture 3 K. Kosugi 14 : 00-16 : 30 Lecture 4 T. Gomi 09 : 30-12 : 00 Lecture 5 H. Haga 28 (Friday) 14 : 00-16 : 30 Lecture 6 Y. Kosugi 29 (Saturday) 09 : 30-12 : 00 Lecture 10 H. Fujinami 14 : 00-16 : 30 Exercise 2 H. Fujinami, H. Kanamori 30 (Sunday) Free time 1 (Monday) 09 : 30-12 : 00 Lecture 7 H. Komatsu 14 : 00-16 : 30 Lecture 9 T. Hiyama 09: 30-11: 30 Field Workshop 1 K. Kuraji, N. Tanaka 2 (Tuesday) 13: 30-16: 30 Field Workshop 1 K. Kuraji, N. Tanaka Briefing for Field Workshop 2 and Tour for Japanese culture (Move to Kyoto) 3 (Wednesday) 4 (Thursday) Field Workshop 2 at Kiryu Experimental Watershed 09:30-12:00 Making reports and discussions 5 (Friday) T. Kumagai Making reports and discussions T. Kumagai 14:00-16:30 Report presentations and discussions 09:30-11:30 6 (Saturday) 11:30-12:00 Completion ceremony of this course 13 : 30-15 : 30 Farewell party Departure from Central Japan International Airport 7 (Sunday)

Schedule (23 November to 7 December, 2014)

Downloading the Textbook for Participants from the Website

The textbook of "the 24th IHP Training Course", which is converted in PDF style, will be prepared and will be put on the IHP Nagoya/Kyoto forum website of "www.ihpnagoyaforum.org". The participants are requested to download such a PDF file from the website in advance as a preparation to the several lectures of the training course. The textbook should be constituted of contents (referred sentence bodies, figures, tables, pictures, equations and observed/calculated results) with authorized copyrights.

Web broadcasting the Lectures

The lectures except field trips will be webcasted to some universities in Asia via the UNESCO Office Jakarta and with other technology facilities. The slide materials will be distributed to the participants from the website in advance. The materials are requested to be filtered out whenever copyrights apply in case of web broadcasting; part or its whole slides will be masked out with digital treatments such as overlaying mosaic images or with black-out screening during web broadcasting.